STUDY MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM							
Name o Netv	f the module/subject /ork Managemen	t	Code 1010802111010824071		'1		
Field of study Electronics and Telecommunications			Profile of study (general academic, practical general academic	Al) Year /Semester	1		
Elective	path/specialty		Subject offered in:	Course (compulsory, electi	ive)		
0.1	Informatio	n and Communication	Polish / English	n obligatory			
Cycle of study: Second-cycle studies			full-time				
No. of h	ours			No. of credits			
Lectur	e: 1 Classes	s: 1 Laboratory: 1	Project/seminars:	- 3			
Status o	of the course in the study	program (Basic, major, other) major	(university-wide, from another fr	^{r field)} rom field			
Educati	on areas and fields of sci	ence and art		ECTS distribution (number and %)			
techr	nical sciences			3 100%			
	Technical scie		3 100%				
dr inż. Janusz Kleban email: janusz.kleban@put.poznan.pl tel. (061) 665-3929 Wydział Elektroniki i Telekomunikacji ul. Piotrowo 3, 60-965 Poznań Prerequisites in terms of knowledge, skills and social competencies:							
1	Knowledge	Has in-depth knowledge of cons Has a wide, systematic knowled and signal transmission metho	struction and operation of communication systems. [K2_W01]. dge, with necessary mathematical background, of ICT networks				
2	Skills	Knows the rules of operation of ETSI,etc.). Knows the standardi	Polish and international standa zation procedures. [K2_U08].	ardization bodies (ITU, ISO,			
3	Social competencies	Is aware of the limitations of his, learning.[K2_K04]	/her current knowledge and ski	ills; is committed to lifelong			
Assumptions and objectives of the course:							
Knowing and understanding of the network management terminology, standards, ideas and mechanisms used in network management systems. Development of familiarity with selected network management protocols, platforms and systems.							
	Study outco	mes and reference to the	educational results for	or a field of study			
Knov	vledge:						
1. Has a basic knowledge of methods and standards related to telecommunication and computer networks management [K2_W15]							
2. Has a practical knowledge of software and protocols used in the field of network management [K2_W15]							
3. Knows and understands the technical meaning of the terms used in the field of network management [K2_W15]							
 Is able to properly use the network management terminology. Is able to interpret correctly the network management standards. <i>IK2</i>, 1141. 							
 Is able to write software supporting computer networks management, and to apply ready-to-use mechanisms supporting network management [K2_U15] 							
3. Is able to apply learned methods to analyze and design network and services management systems [K2_U18]							
Social competencies:							
1. Is av	ware of the necessity t	o approach solving technical prob	elems with responsibility and pr	rofessionalism [K2_K05]			
 z. Is aware or the main challenges facing electronics and telecomunication in the 21st century [K2_K07] a. Is aware of the limitations of his/hor current knowledge and skiller is committed to lifelance learning [K2_K04] 							
 is aware or the imitations of his/her current knowledge and skills; is committed to lifelong learning [K2_K04] 							

Assessment methods of study outcomes

Formative Assessment:

Classes: Classes passing is based on presentation on selected subject, quality of presentation, discussion after presentation, and written test focused on basic terms used in network management area.

Laboratory: Classes passing is based on written tests, prepared software and reports on carried out exercises.

Summative Assessment:

Lectures: Written exam from theory and content of the lectures. Test with open questions, range of scores for each question: 0, 0,5 lub 1. In order to pass the exam, total score needs to be at or above the point required for passing. Overall pass mark - more than 50% of total score. The exam may be taken after labs passing.

Course description

Lectures:

Overall concept of standardized network management and five functional network management areas. The need for standardization in this area. OSI management and OSI RM. Manager ? agent model. Information management base MIB. Managed object definition. Selected service elements. Management information model. CMIP protocol. Network management functions. Architecture, management services and functions of TMN. TMN implementation methodology. TCI/IP network management: SNMP protocol, MIB II. SLA agreements. General presentation of selected network management platforms and systems. Network management using internet mechanisms.

Classes: Management Information Base MIBII. ASN.1 notation, BER coding, SNMP protocol. RMON protocol. NetFlow protocol. Network management systems. IT infrastructure management. ITIL.

Laboratory:

Analysis of SNMP packet exchanging process. MIB structure. BER coding and decoding. BER coder and decoder ? software written by students. SNMP manager ? software written by students. Preparing and sending SNMP messages ? software written by students.

Basic bibliography:

1. A. Clemm, Network Management Fundamentals, Cisco Press, 2006

2. W. Stallings, Protokoły SNMP i RMON. Vademecum profesjonalisty, Helion, Gliwice, 2003

3. J. Larmouth, ASN.1 Complete, Morgan Kaufmann, San Francisco, 2000.

Additional bibliography:

1. P. Czarnecki, A. Jajszczyk, J. Lubacz, Standardy zarządzania sieciami, OSI/NM, TMN, Wydawnictwa EFP, 1996

2. U. Black, Network Management Standards, SNMP, CMIP, TMN, MIBs, and Object Libraries, McGraw-Hill, 1995

Result of average student's workload

Activity	Time (working hours)				
1. Participation in lectures	15				
2. Participation in classes	15				
3. Participation in laboratory classes	15				
4. Preparation for classes	10				
5. Preparation for laboratory classes	10				
6. Preparation for lectures	5				
7. Preparation for exam	20				
8. Passing the Exam	2				
9. Discussion on exam results	2				
Student's workload					
Source of workload	hours	ECTS			
Total workload	90	3			
Contact hours	50	2			

Practical activities

40

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